## Set Operations plugin

SMath Studio "1.1.8763"

## INTRODUCTION

All variables and functions have a set_ prefix


A dedicated toolbox is available on the right hand side of the canvas

| $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{S}) & \|S\| \\ \forall & \exists \\ \in & \ni \\ \subseteq & \supseteq \\ \subsetneq \end{array}\right.$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## SETS

roster set a list of elements

$$
A:=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 2 \\
3 & 4
\end{array}\right] \quad B:=\left[\begin{array}{c}
5 \\
2 \\
-23
\end{array}\right] \quad \begin{aligned}
& C:=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
3 & 0 & 1 & -1
\end{array}\right] \\
& D:=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
3 & 2
\end{array}\right] \quad E:=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
3 & 2 & 4 & 1
\end{array}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

NOTE:

- any matrix can be used as a roster set;
- duplicate entries are allowed as input; however they are counted as single items in set operations;
- anything can be an element of a roster set (numbers, strings, variables, matrices, ...)

| empty set | a set without members | $\operatorname{matrix}(0 ; 0)=\operatorname{mat}(0 ; 0)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| set-builder | set definition by predicate | $\{\operatorname{variables} \mid$ condition_1; condition_2; $\boldsymbol{\operatorname { c o n d i t i o n } n}\}$ |

if the first argument contains the membership operator variable $\in$ set and a roster set is given, or if the variable given is a definet set itself, the set-builder will evaluate itself
$\left.\left.\{x \in A \mid x>1 ; x \leq 3\}=\left[\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 3\end{array}\right] \quad\left\{\left.\left[\begin{array}{ll}x & y\end{array}\right] \in\left[\begin{array}{c}{\left[\begin{array}{ll}10 & -5\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{ll}-10 & 5\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{ll}4 & 2\end{array}\right]} \\ -4\end{array}\right] \right\rvert\,\right] \right\rvert\, x>-5 ; y<0\right\}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}{\left[\begin{array}{ll}-4 & -2\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{ll}10 & -5\end{array}\right]}\end{array}\right]$

$$
z:=[-5 \ldots 5] \quad P(x):=|x|>4
$$

$$
\{z \mid P(z)\}=\left[\begin{array}{c}
-5 \\
5
\end{array}\right]
$$

otherwise the set-builder won't evalute unless it is used in set membership/operations/subsets functions
$\{x \mid x>1 ; x \leq 4\}=\{x \mid x>1 ; x \leq 4\}$
$\boldsymbol{\pi} \in\{x \mid x>1 ; x \leq 4\}=1$
$5 \in\{x \mid x>1 ; x \leq 4\}=0$

| QUANTIFIERS |  |  |  | $P(x)=\|x\|>4$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| for all | $\forall 1!$ | $\forall z P(z)=0$ | $\forall x \in A Q(x)=0$ | $Q(x):=x>3$ |
| there exists | $\exists 1!$ | $\exists z P(z)=1$ | $\exists x \in A Q(x)=1$ |  |
| does not exist | $\nexists!$ | $\nexists z P(z)=0$ | $\nexists x \in A Q(x)=0$ |  |
| there exists one and only one | $\exists!1!$ | $\exists!z P(z)=0$ | $\exists!x \in A Q(x)=1$ |  |

## MEMBERSHIP

| element of set | $\mathbf{I} \in \mathbf{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| set contains an element | - $\ni$ ! |
| not an element of set | - $\notin$ |
| set doesn't contains an element | $1 \nexists$ |

$3 \in A=1$
$A \ni 3=1$
$3 \notin A=0$
$A \nexists 3=0$
$B \not \supset 3=1$
$A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4\end{array}\right]$ $B=\left[\begin{array}{c}5 \\ 2 \\ -23\end{array}\right]$
$D=\left[\begin{array}{ll}3 & 2\end{array}\right]$
$E=\left[\begin{array}{llll}3 & 2 & 4 & 1\end{array}\right]$

## SUBSETS

| subset |  | $D \subseteq A=1$ | $A \subseteq E=1$ | $A \subseteq B=0$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| superset | ! $\supseteq$ ! | $D \supseteq A=0$ | $A \supseteq E=1$ | $A \supseteq B=0$ |
| proper subset | $\mathbf{!} \subsetneq$ | $D \subsetneq A=1$ | $A \subsetneq E=0$ | $A \subsetneq B=0$ |
| proper superset | - $\supsetneq$ ! | $D \supsetneq A=0$ | $A \supsetneq E=0$ | $A \supsetneq B=0$ |
| not subset | -\$1 | $D \nsubseteq A=0$ | $A \nsubseteq E=0$ | $A \nsubseteq B=1$ |
| not superset | - $\unrhd$ ! | $D \nsupseteq A=1$ | $A \nsupseteq E=0$ | $A \nsupseteq B=1$ |

## OPERATIONS



$$
\left|\left[\begin{array}{cc}
2 & a \\
\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{4}
\end{array}\right]\right|=3 \quad|A|=4
$$

$$
A \cap B=[2]
$$

$A \boldsymbol{\Delta} B=\left[\begin{array}{c}-23 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5\end{array}\right]$
$\left[\begin{array}{l}{\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 5\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array}\right]}\end{array}\right.$

$$
A^{C}=!
$$

lastError = "Set 'set_Universe' is not defined."

$$
\text { set_Universe }:=\left[\begin{array}{lll}
5 & 3 & 2 \\
4 & 1 & 0
\end{array}\right] \quad A^{C}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
5
\end{array}\right]
$$

$A \times B=\left[\begin{array}{c}{\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ -23\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{c}2 \\ 5\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{c}2 \\ 2\end{array}\right]} \\ {\left[\begin{array}{c}2 \\ -23\end{array}\right]} \\ \vdots\end{array}\right]$

## NUMBER SETS

| Natural numbers | set of natural numbers | set_N |  | $\frac{5}{3} \in \boldsymbol{s e t}_{\mathbf{-}} \mathbf{N}=0$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{N} \mathbf{N}=1$ | $-2 \in \boldsymbol{\operatorname { s e t }} \mathbf{N} \mathbf{N}=0$ | $\boldsymbol{\pi} \in \boldsymbol{\operatorname { s e t }} \mathbf{N} \mathbf{N}=0$ |  |
|  | $2+3 \cdot i \in \operatorname{set}_{\mathbf{-}} \mathbf{N}=0$ | - $5 \cdot \mathbf{i} \in \operatorname{set}_{\mathbf{-}} \mathbf{N}=0$ | $\infty \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{N} \mathbf{N}=0$ |  |
| Integrers | set of integers | set_Z |  | $\frac{5}{3} \in \operatorname{set} \mathbf{z}=0$ |
|  | $2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{z}=1$ | $-2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{z}=1$ | $\boldsymbol{\pi} \in \boldsymbol{\operatorname { s e t }} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{z}=0$ |  |
|  | $2+3 \cdot i \in \operatorname{set} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{z}=0$ | - $5 \cdot \mathrm{i} \in \operatorname{set}_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbf{Z}=0$ | $\infty \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{z}=0$ |  |
| Rational numbers | set of rational numbers | set_Q |  | $\frac{5}{3} \in \operatorname{set} \mathbf{Q}=1$ |
|  | $2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} Q=1$ | $-2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{Q}=1$ | $\pi \in \operatorname{set} \_\mathbb{Q}=0$ |  |
|  | $2+3 \cdot i \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{Q} \mathbf{Q}=0$ | $-5 \cdot i \in \boldsymbol{s e t} Q=0$ | $\infty \in \boldsymbol{s e t}$ - $Q=0$ |  |
| Real numbers | set of real numbers | set_R |  | $\frac{5}{3} \in \boldsymbol{s e t}_{-} \mathbf{R}=1$ |
|  | $2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} R=1$ | $-2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} R=1$ | $\boldsymbol{m} \in \mathbf{s e t} \mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{R}}=1$ |  |
|  | $2+3 \cdot i \in \boldsymbol{s e t} R \mathbf{R}=0$ | - $5 \cdot \mathrm{i} \in \operatorname{set}_{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{R}=0$ | $\infty \in \boldsymbol{s e t}$ _R $=0$ |  |
| Complex numbers | set of complex numbers | set_C |  | $\frac{5}{3} \in \operatorname{set}_{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{c}=1$ |
|  | $2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{c}=1$ | $-2 \in \mathbf{s e t} \mathbf{C}=1$ | $\boldsymbol{\pi} \in \mathbf{s e t} \mathbf{C}=1$ |  |
|  | $2+3 \cdot i \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{C}=1$ | - $5 \cdot \mathrm{i} \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{c}=1$ | $\infty \in \boldsymbol{s e t}$ _ $\mathbf{C}=0$ |  |
| Imaginary numbers | set of imaginary numbers | set_I |  | $\frac{5}{3} \in \operatorname{set} I=0$ |
|  | $2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{I}=0$ | $-2 \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{I}=0$ | $\pi \in$ set_I $=0$ |  |
|  | $2+3 \cdot i \in \boldsymbol{s e t} \mathbf{I}=0$ |  | $\infty \in$ set_I $=0$ |  |

